International conference

« Child Victims, vulnerable children and 'violent' youth in East Africa (Burundi, Kenya, Rwanda and Uganda): Realities, Perceptions, Care and Support"

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# Grandchildren staying with their grandparents in Uganda. Care, support and vulnerability

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#### Context

- Diversity of care systems and care providers
  - With little support of the state
  - In a context of large rural/urban differences
  - In a context of high adult mortality and mobility
- Gd parents and gd children (mutual support,...)
- Specific issues around the care provided by older adults and the possible limits of the family care system

#### Goal

- When are the gd parents (vs other family members or unrelated persons) called upon to care for children?
- What are the conditions of living of the children in their gd parents care?
- What are the differences/similarities bw gd children and other children staying with older adults?

#### Methods

QUANTITATIVE (secondary analysis of UDHS 2011) Limitations of available demographic data

- Relationships
- Samples
- Informativeness on the topic

QUALITATIVE (collection of primary sources)
Household structure and beyond: intergenerational relationships and support

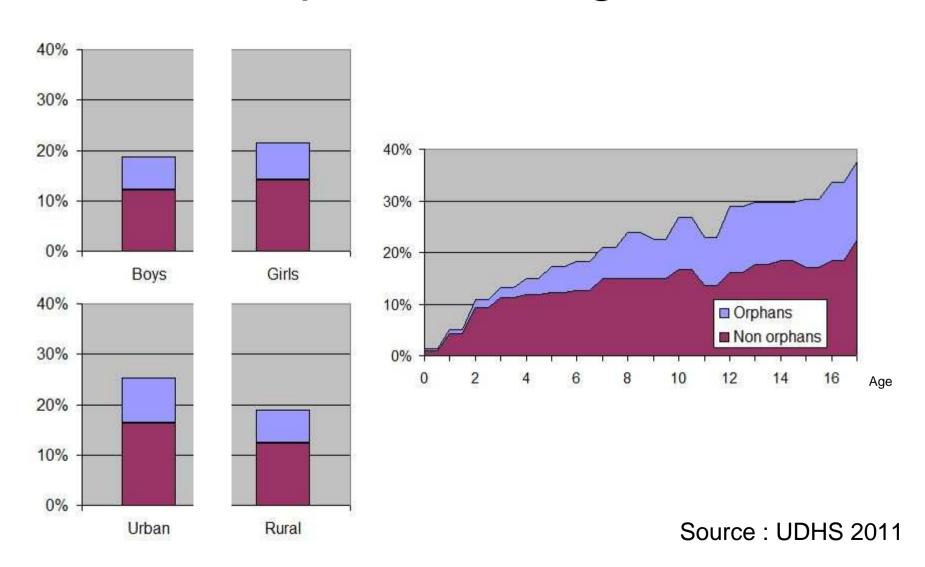
#### **Primary Sources**

In-depth interviews in 6 different places in Uganda

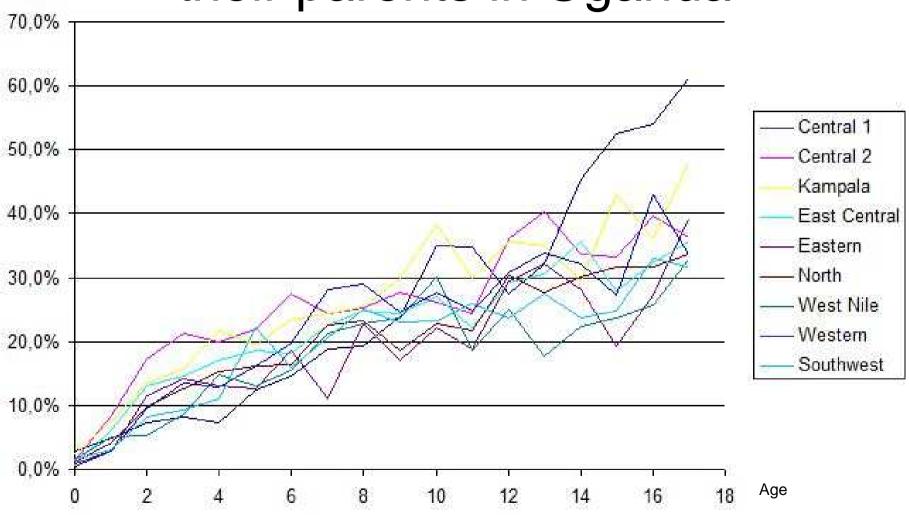
- 2 neighbourhoods in Kampala
- Rural periphery of Kampala
- Rural Busia district (Eastern)
- Hoima town (Western)
- Rural Wakiso district (Central)

With support from ANR (ANR-09-ENF-001 et ANR-09-FRBR-016) and IRD Interviews done with Victoire Chalin (ISTOM), Ernestina Coast (LSE), Alexandra Fanghanel (UCL), Claire Médard (IRD), Stephen Ojiambo Wandera (CPAS)

## Children who are not staying with their parents in Uganda



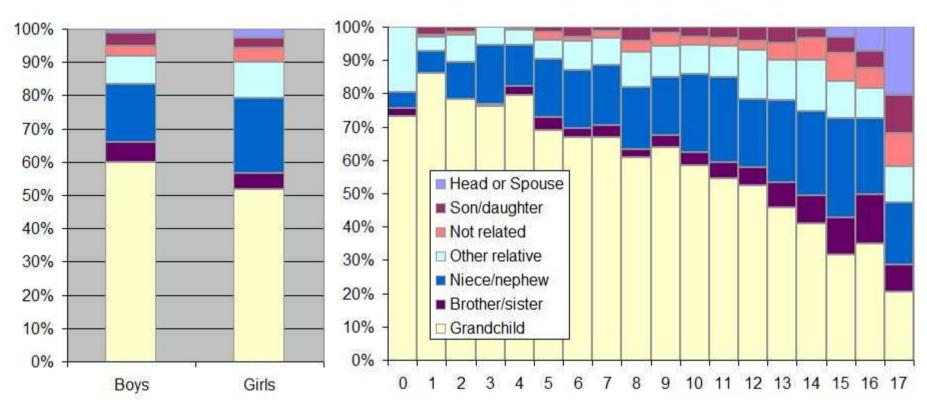
## Children who are not staying with their parents in Uganda



Source: UDHS 2011

1a Who is caring for children when the parents are away?

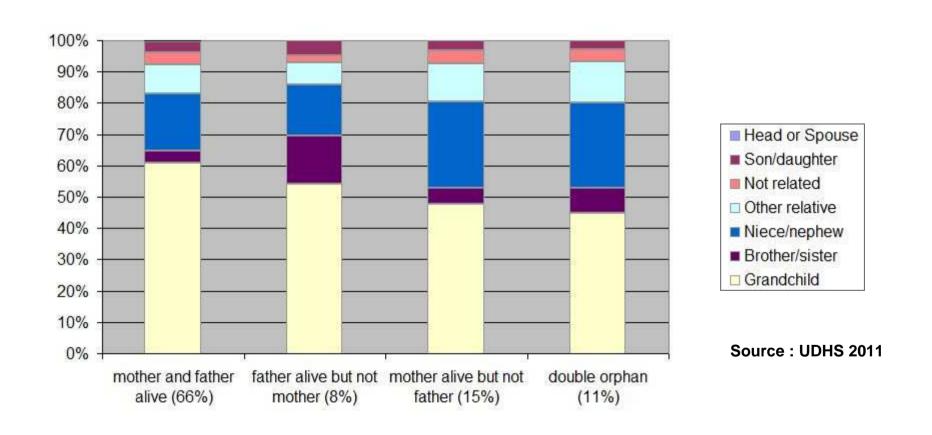
## Relation to the head of household of the children who are neither staying with their mother nor with their father



Source: UDHS 2011

=> More than 50% are staying at their grand parents

## Relation to the head of household of the children who are neither staying with their mother nor with their father



=> Orphans are less often in the care of their grand parents, and especially so when they have lost their father

# 1b How can we evaluate the situation of children in the care of their grand parents?

## Children staying at their grand parents' without their parents

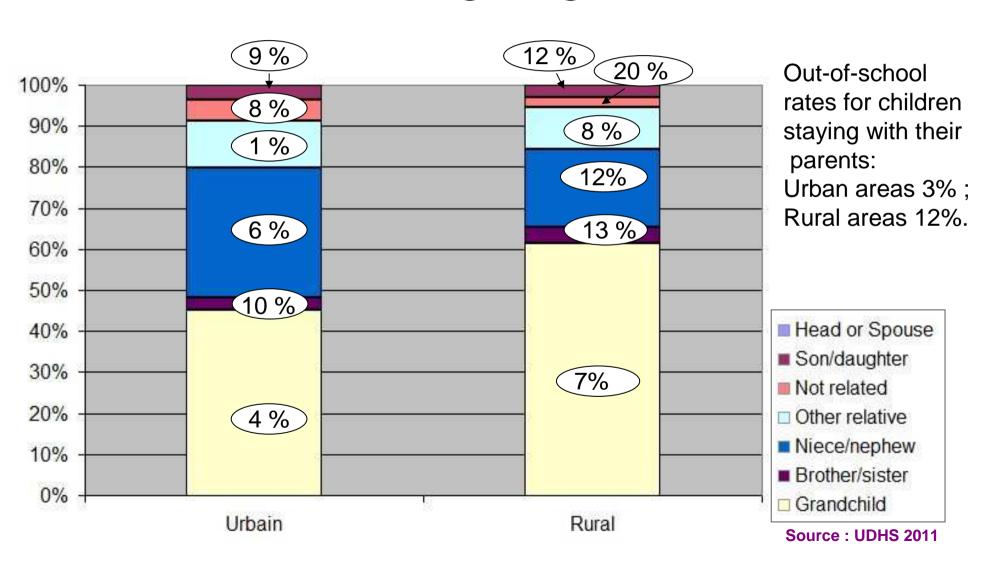
 Go to school more than other children away from parents Proportion of children (7-12 y old) currently not schooling

	Children living with at least a parent	Children living away from both parents	
		Grand child	Others
Boys	6,6%	7.4%	9,5%
Girls	7,6%	6,8%	11,3%
Total	6752,9	1197,788	824,974

Source: UDHS 2011

 There is no significant difference between being a boy or a girl, an orphan or not an orphan, staying in an urban or a rural area when you are with a grand parent

## Children staying far from their parents who are not going to school



### The family care for children Insights from quantitative analysis

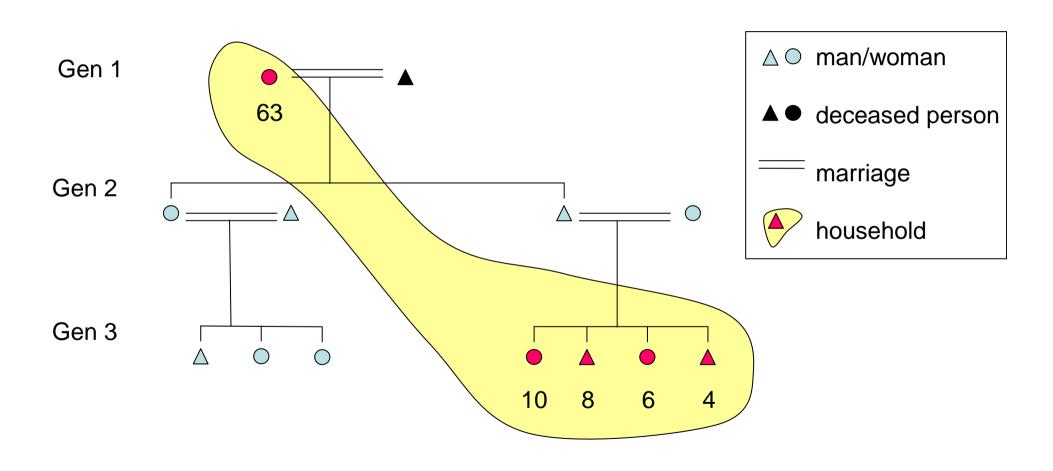
- Staying with the grand parents is the most common practice and globally seems like a better alternative than other options
- Orphans are less than other children in the care of gd parents

BUT Rough indicators / Heterogeneous categories

=>A lot of questions are left unanswered

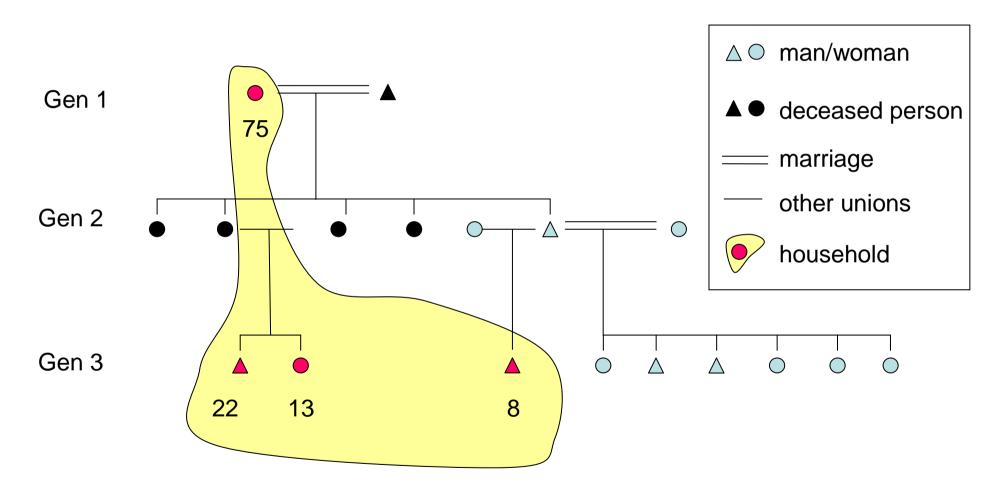
## 2a Who are the children in their grand parents care and how do they live?

## Grand parents caring for grand children: a solution for the parents



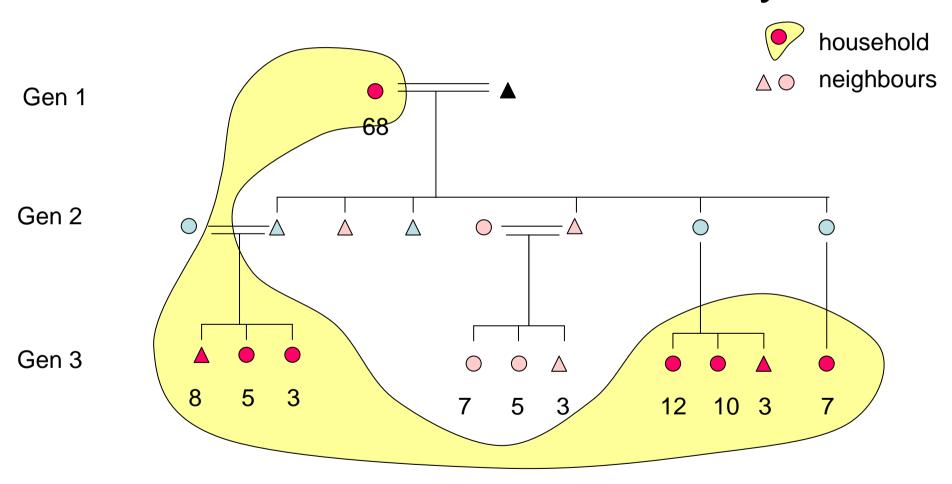
HO12 Hoima town, Aug 2011

## Grand parents caring for grand children... and conversely



HH8, poor Kampala, Feb.2011

## Grand parents caring for grand children... in different ways



#### Grand parents and grand children

- All grand children are not in their grand parents care. 2 tendencies:
  - Children with little other support (orphans, children born out of wedlock for daughters in patrilineal settings)
  - Children with working parents who cannot offer them better conditions
- There are differences in the way children are cared for, even within a household, depending on the support provided by their parents

#### 2b

Grand children vs other children in their grand parents' care : same story?

### How do grandchildren compare to other children?

Margaret (rural periphery of Kampala, Nov 2010), brings up a great grand son with the help of her niece

Gertrude (rural Busia, Aug 2011) has a maid, that she has decided to send back to school

Anita (poor Kampala, Feb 2011) has a strong relationship with a nephew, who now looks after her

And others still...

#### Family support

- The primacy of the lineage overshadows relationships built over time, in which children play an active role
- No clear cut divide between grand children providing domestic services and maids creating a bond with their employer
- The better off in the family are expected to help other children.

#### Conclusion

#### Conclusions

Who can and who has to host children?
Upward versus poverty—led fostering
Support systems within the family are often based on the grand parents

- Sometimes children there have little contact with their parents
- Sometimes they have strong ties

- Some children have a weaker position than others, which shows in their education
- A continuum of conditions for children, depending on
- the ability / capacity of the grand parents to care for them
- the ties with the parents
- the existence of other support providers in the extended family

Difficult situations... possibly leading to exclusion when little ties and support from outside can be expected

\*\*\* as a result of high adult mortality

\*\*\* and for children marginalised in by their parents matrimonial life

Especially so in a context of poverty

What happens when the grand parents are not there?

